



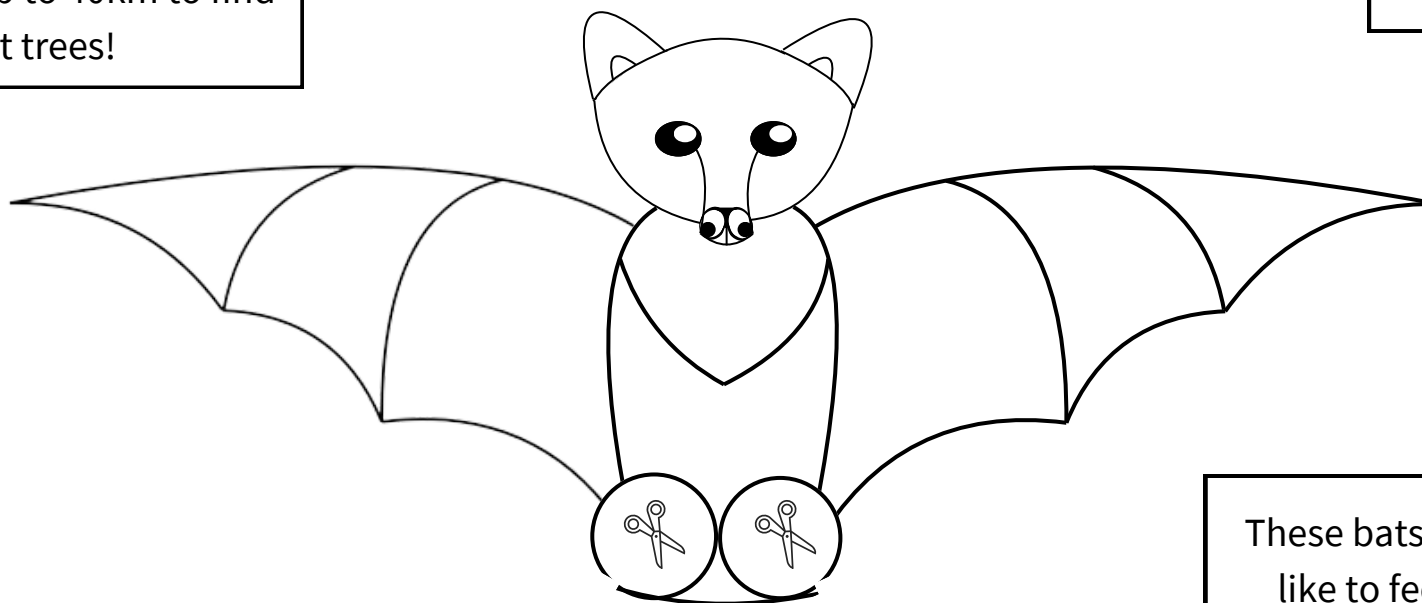
Little Red Flying Fox



Pteropus scapulatus

When looking for food over night, they will travel up to 40km to find the best trees!

They can skim over the water, collecting water with their fur to drink!



They live in 'camps', some of which can home over one million bats!

These bats mainly like to feed on nectar, which means they are great for pollination, especially for our Eucalyptus trees!



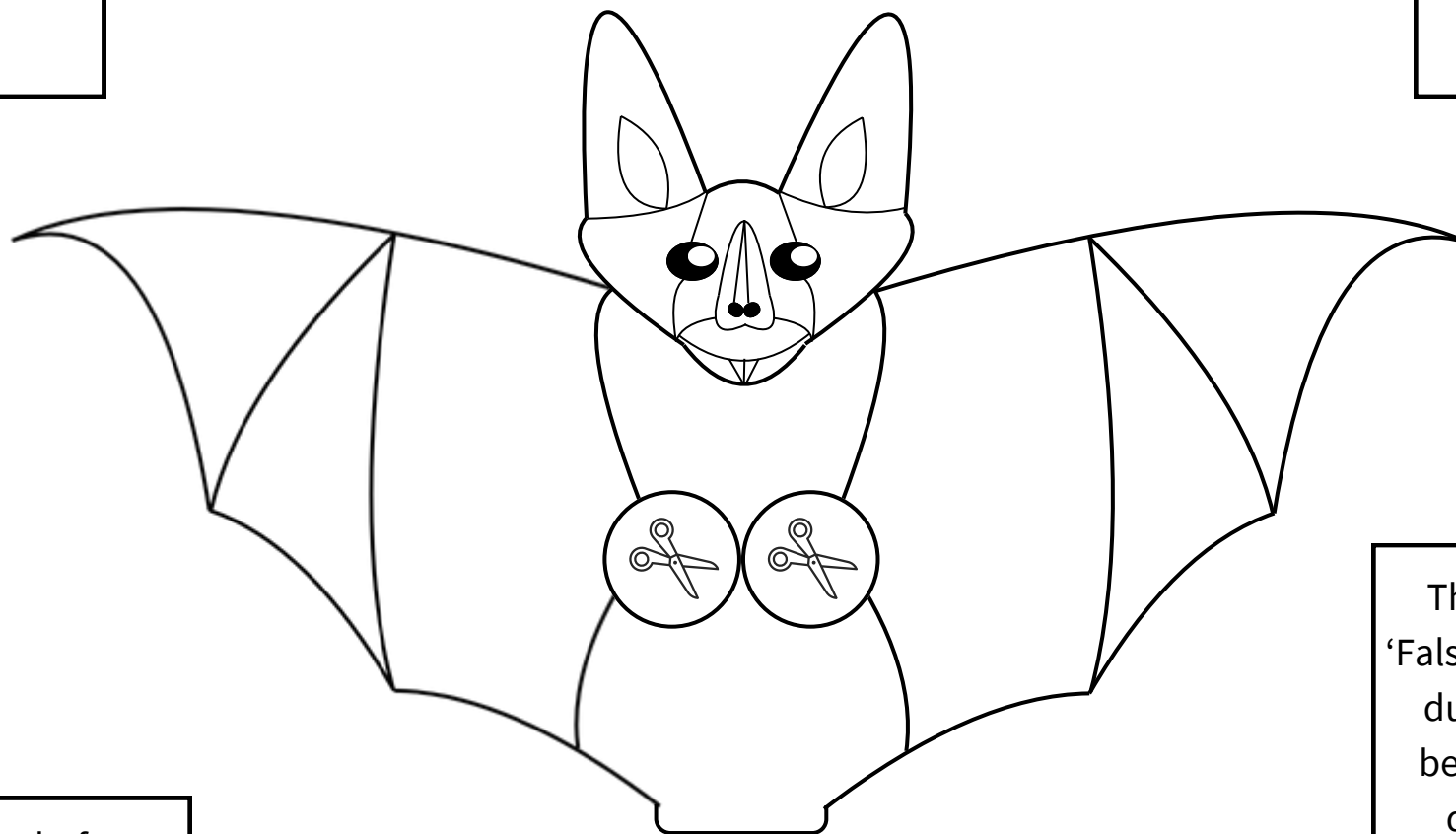
Ghost Bat

Macroderma gigas



Mothers form nursery colonies to raise their pups in

Known to eat small mammals, reptiles, birds and even other bat species!



Caves and mine shafts are where these bats call home

They are called 'False Vampire Bats' due to previous beliefs that they drank blood, because of their large fangs!

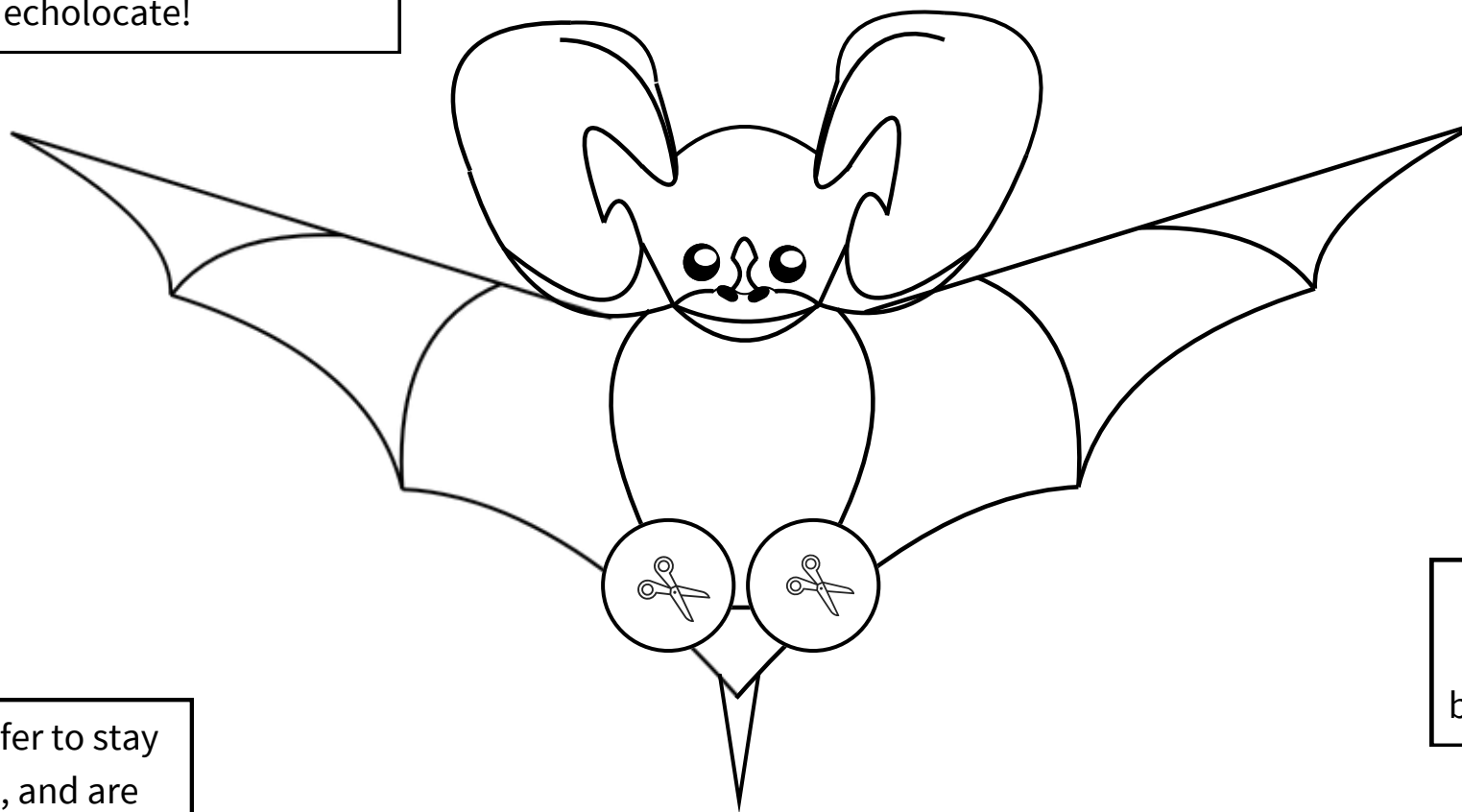


White Striped Freetail Bat



Austronomus australis

They are one of the few bats that humans can actually hear echolocate!



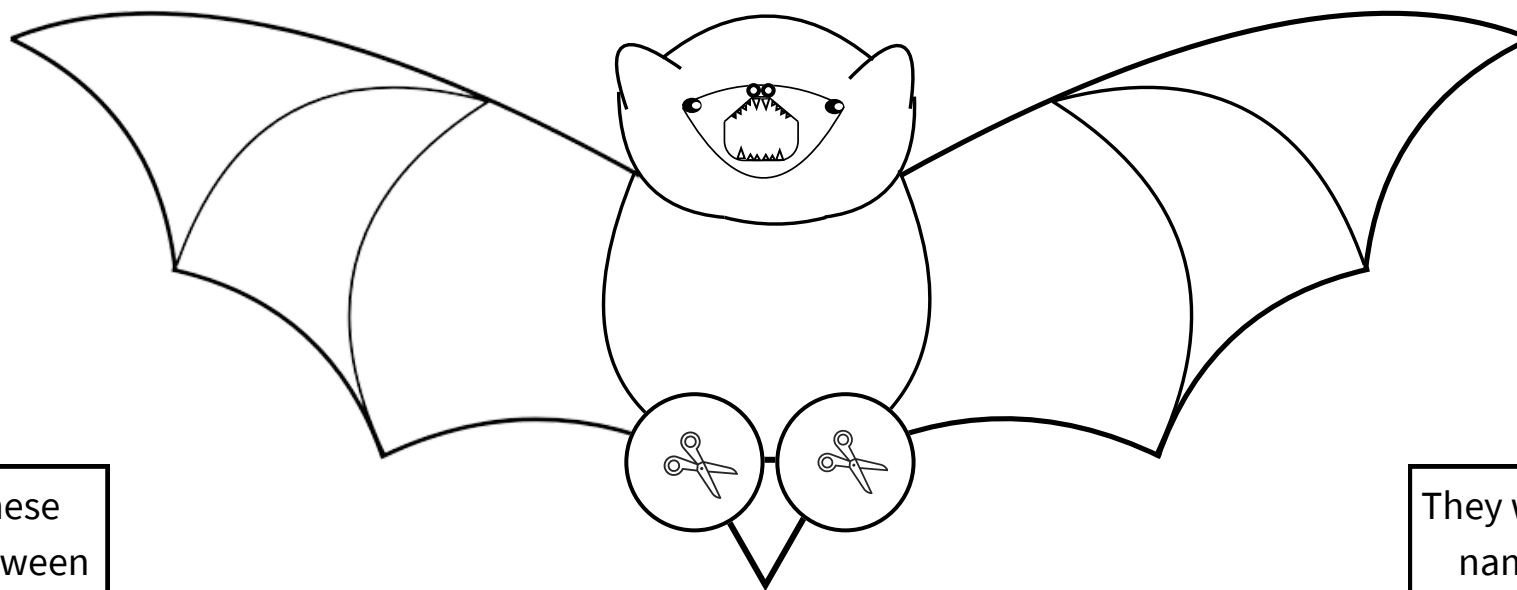
These are the largest freetail bats in Australia

They prefer to stay up high, and are super speeding, reaching 43km/hr!



Chocolate Wattled Bat

Chalinolobus morio



Colonies of these
bats can be between
10 to 1000
individuals

Chocolate wattled bats like to
roost in tree hollows, under
bark and occasionally in
houses and caves

They were given their
name because of
their milk-chocolate
brown colour

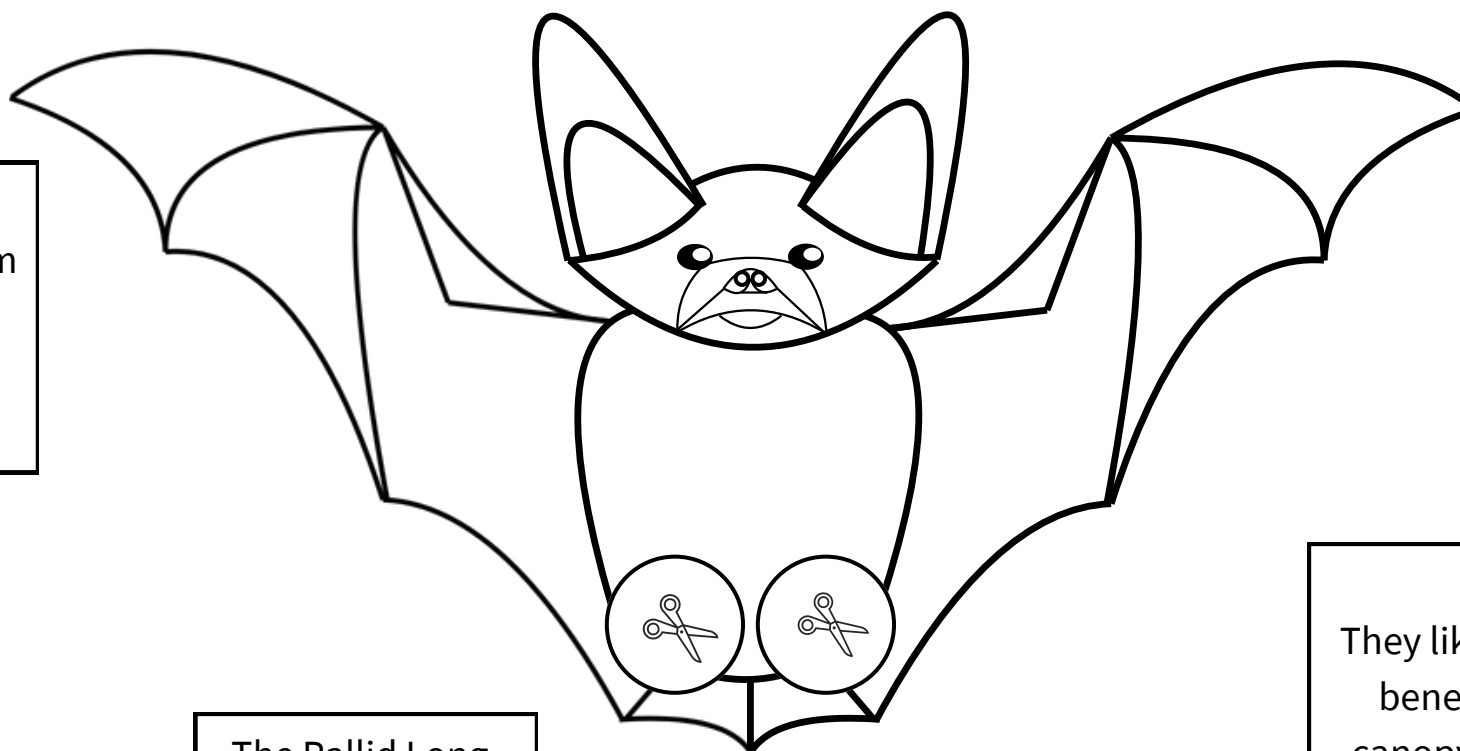


Pallid Long-eared Bat

Nyctophilus daedalus



You can find them roosting in tree hollows!



The Pallid Long-eareds prefer wetter climates such as monsoon forests

They like to hunt beneath the canopy of trees